32. Paul had to tell the Corinthians to do what when the man repented?

33. The Corinthians eventually obeyed Jesus and it accomplished what goal?

34. After the man repented, the Corinthians needed to obey the instructions of Jesus and do what?

35. We know from Matthew 18 that the goal of confronting sin is what?

36. If the Corinthian believers didn't forgive the repentant man and restore him to fellowship, they would be giving an opportunity for what?

37. When we do not do things the Lord's way, we are playing into what?

God did not give you His Word to make you a smarter sinner. He gave you His Word to make you more like His Son. Apply what you learn!

Remember: Your responsibility, by God's enabling, is to consistently apply the divine principles and truths you have heard (Philippians 2:12-13; I Timothy 4:7-9; James 1:22-27). As you meditate on this message, ask yourself these questions:
- **How does God want my beliefs/actions to change?**
- **How can I accomplish this change?**
- **What is the first step toward bringing about this change?**

The Goal is Restoration
2 Corinthians 2:5-11
Series #7

The following are questions designed to facilitate greater learning and deeper understanding of spiritual truths presented in the sermon: **"The Goal is Restoration."** All of the questions are answered as the sermon is presented. We hope that it will be a catalyst to spiritual growth in your life.

1. As you know, if you are a parent, it is not uncommon for dads and moms to have different perspectives on what?

2. At first, what did the church in Corinth choose to do in relation to the man who chose to embrace a vile lifestyle?

3. What message does the church send when they decide to not confront someone who is living in sin?

4. It is only right that I Corinthians 5:1 ends with a what?

5. What was the church doing in relation to the man who was living immorally with his stepmother?

6. The city of Corinth was known for all kinds of what?

7. What was going on in the Corinthian church was even shocking to whom?

8. The Greek word "porneia" is the broadest term in the New Testament describing what?

9. According to Hebrews 13:4, who will God judge?

10. In the Corinthian church, immorality was being tolerated with what attitude?

11. It is possible that the Corinthians' perspective got so convoluted because they were proud of the fact that they were what?

12. Some Christians believe that tolerance and a non-judgmental posture is the highest what?

13. Were the Corinthian believers truly loving, really extending grace, and truly granting forgiveness?

14. From I Corinthians 5:3, we see that Paul did what?

15. The rally cry of our day-n-age is what?

16. What Paul tells the Corinthian church is consistent with what?

17. The action of putting the man out of the fellowship is to be done when?

18. Who, besides Paul, was standing behind the church's actions of putting the man out of the fellowship?

19. Though "excommunication" may sound harsh, what is the ultimate purpose?

20. If you have a friend who claims to be a follower of Christ but lives a life that is a contradiction to that claim, you are to not do what?

21. In Biblical times, eating with a person was a sign of what?

22. Paul's 4th letter to the Corinthians is called what?

23. What kind of relationship did Paul have with the Corinthian church?

24. What was one thing used against Paul as people attacked him?

25. Why did Paul not go to Corinth when he originally planned?

26. Paul didn't want his visit to end up in more what for the people?

27. Did the church deal with the sexually immoral man?

28. Who was being hurt by the sexually immoral man?

29. The Corinthian believers should be motivated by what?

30. What is a response by some in the church whenever the church obeys Jesus and confronts sin?

31. The goal in all of this (confronting sin and withdrawing from fellowship) is what?